

SNDT Women's University, Mumbai

Master of Science (Home Science- Food Science & Nutrition)

M.Sc. (FSN)

As per NEP 2020

Syllabus

(w.e.f. Academic Year 2023-24)

SNDT Women's University, Mumbai NEP Syllabus for Postgraduate Programme M.Sc. (Food Science & Nutrition)

2023-24

Programme Degree		M.Sc.
Faculty		Science & Technology
Specialization		(Food Science and Nutrition)
Preamble		This programme is aimed at creating skilled and sensitized individuals who understand interrelationship of food science, human nutrition and methods of investigation for public health. It is design to obtain competencies and capabilities for learners to be able to contribute towards healthy human society.
		At the end of this Programme, the learners obtain skill sets to work in food industry/ food testing Labs/ R & D units, Food Science & Nutrition Research, and Academics.
Programme Specific Outcomes		After completing this programme, Learner will be able to:
	1.	Have updated knowledge and develop capacities in the areas of Human Nutrition and Food Science, Food Safety and Quality, Food Product Development.
	2.	Have obtained sound understanding of Food Science and Nutrition as well as various sciences and disciplines with understanding about the inter disciplinary nature of Food Science and Nutrition.
	3.	Develop abilities including analysis, critical reasoning and use their creativity to become professionals in these and related areas to work effectively and efficiently in academics, research, food industry, training, extension and community service.
	4.	Have the necessary capacities and abilities and enable them to Pursue higher education and research in Food Science and Human Nutrition.
	5.	Undertake state of the art, cutting edge research in their chosen fields.

	6. Participate effectively as responsible and ethical professionals who can contribute substantially to national development and quality of life of citizens.
Eligibility Criteria for the Programme	Any student who has passed 12 th Standard/H.Sc./10+2 with Science and successfully completed graduation in Nutrition related subjects with minimum 50%/B Grade from UGC/AICTE recognized institution is eligible to apply for this programme.
	Students having Graduation in Bio-Technology/Microbiology/Zoology/Botany and other Life Science subjects with 55% are eligible to apply provided they have studied minimum eight credits of nutrition/Physiology/bio-chemistry related subjects in their graduation.
	Students with Commerce/Arts/Pure Science, B.Sc. Composite Home Science/ BA Home Economics/ Home Science/ BSc. Hospitality/ Institutional/ Food Service Management are not eligible.
Intake (For SNDTWU Departments and Conducted Colleges)	20

RM: Research Methodology * OJT: On-Job Training * RP: Research Project

Structure for Four Semesters

M.Sc. (Food Science and Nutrition)

Semester I						
SN	Courses	Type of Course	Credits	Marks	Int	Ext
114311	Physiological Biochemistry (Th.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
114312	Food Chemistry (Th.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
114313	Human Nutrition I (Macro nutrients & water) (Th.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
114324	Methods of Investigations in Foods & Nutrition (Pr.)	Major (Core)	2	50	50	0
124321 124312	Food Science & Chemistry (Pr.) OR Public Nutrition & Health (Th.)	Major (Elective)	4	100	50	50
134311	Research Methodology (Th.)	Minor Stream (RM)	4	100	50	50
	End of Semester I		22	550	300	250
		Semester I	İ			
214311	Food Microbiology I (Th. & Pr.)	Major (Core)	4 (2 + 2)	100	50	50
214312	Human Nutrition II (Micro nutrients) (Th.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
214313	Food Safety & Quality Control (Th. & Pr.)	Major (Core)	4 (1 + 3)	100	50	50
214324	Food Product Development, Modification & Sensory Evaluation (Pr.)	Major (Core)	2	50	0	50
224321	Food Processing & Technology (Pr.) OR	Major (Elective)	4	100	50	50
224312	Food Quality Standards & Regulations (Th.) OR					
224313	Functional Foods, Biodynamic Principles, Nutraceuticals OR					
224314 244341	Food Entrepreneurship Internship*	OJT	4	100	50	50
	PG Diploma in Food Scien		22	550	250	300
(FSN)			<u> </u>			

^{(*} Internship at Research & Development Laboratory/Food Analysis Laboratory/ Nutrition Research)

M.Sc. (Food Science & Nutrition)

	Sem	ester III				
Code	Courses	Type of Course	Credit s	Marks	Int	Ext
314311	Statistical Application in Research	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
314312	Maternal & Child Nutrition (Th.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
314313	Food Microbiology II (Th. & Pr.)	Major (Core)	4 (2 +2)	100	50	50
314324	Assessment of Nutritional Status (Pr.)	Major (Core)	2	50	0	50
324321 324312	Food Product Development (Pr.) OR Genetics OR Research from Molecular	Major (Elective)	4	100	50	50
324313	Level to Human OR Recent Methods in Food Processing,					
324314 324315	OR Understanding Metabolic					
324316	and Cardiovascular Health OR Advances in Food Microbiology and Safety					
354331	Research Project	RP	4	100	50	50
	End of Semester III		22	550	250	300
	Sen	nester IV	l	l.	l	
414311	Nutrigenetics & Nutrigenomics (Th.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
414312	Nutrition Human Microbiome & Health (Th.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
414323	Nutrition in Society (Pr.)	Major (Core)	4	100	50	50
424311 424312	Environment Sustainability, Food and Nutrition Security for Health OR Integrated Lifestyle Health Management OR	Major (Elective)	4	100	50	50

End of Semester IV			22	550	300	250
454331	Dissertation	RP	6	150	100	50
424317	Ерійсіпіоїоду					
424316	Food & Health OR Nutritional Epidemiology					
424315	Special population OR Indian Knowledge Systems in Diet,					
424314	Musculoskeletal Health OR Food Product Development for					
424313	Integrated Diet and					

Syllabus Contents

Semester I

1.1 Major (Core)

Course Title	Physiological Biochemistry 114311			
Subject Code				
Course Credits	4			
Course Objective Course Outcomes	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the anatomy of human body. 2. Understand the metabolism of nutrients in human body. 3. Comprehend the metabolism of genetic components, purine and pyrimidines. After going through the course, learners will be able to -			
	1.Understand the mechanisms adopted by the human body for regulation of metabolic pathways			
	2.Describe biochemical pathways relevant in nutrient metabolism.			
	3. Develop an insight into interrelationships between various metabolic pathways.			
	4.Understand integration of cellular level metabolic events to nutritional disorders and imbalances.			
	5. Review biochemical techniques that are relevant for the investigation of nutrient metabolism.			
Module 1	1 Credit			
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -			
Outcomes	 Define and differentiate the structure, composition of membrane. Recognize cell signaling pathways. 			
Content Outline	 Membrane structure, composition and transport of metabolites across membranes Acid base balance and its regulation Enzymes Kinetics of monosubstrate and bisubstrate catalysed reactions (including inhibition) Enzyme specificity, regulation of enzyme activity and synthesis Enzymes in clinical diagnosis. Detoxification in the bodymetabolism of xenobiotics (Phase I and Phase II enzymes) 			

	Cell Signalling pathways- Overview of extracellular cell
	signalling, G protein couple receptors and their effectors,
	enzyme linked receptors and their effectors, second
	messengers, map kinase pathways
	Free radicals, ROS and oxidative damage
Madula 2	
Module 2	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	Understand the metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids and
	protein
Content Outline	 Carbohydrate Metabolism-
	a. Intestinal transport of carbohydrates, Transport of glucose
	across various cells, Cellular metabolism of carbohydrates
	Glycogen metabolism, Regulation of carbohydrate
	metabolism at substrate level, enzyme level, hormonal
	level and organ level,
	b. Disorders of carbohydrate metabolism.
	c. Definition, classification, structure and properties of
	glycoproteins and proteoglycans
	Metabolism of Lipids-
	a. Metabolism is to be discussed with reference to: Intestinal
	transport of lipids, Cellular uptake and metabolism of lipids
	(beta-oxidation, de novo synthesis of fatty acids, synthesis
	and breakdown of unsaturated fatty acids, cholesterol,
	phospholipids and triacylglycerol) Lipoprotein metabolism,
	VLDL and LDL (`Forward' Cholesterol transport) VLDL and
	LDL (Endogenous TAG transport), HDL ('Reverse'
	Cholesterol transport),
	b. Regulation of lipid metabolism at substrate level, enzyme
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	level, hormonal level and organ level, Disorders of lipid
	metabolism, Dyslipidaemias, Lipid storage diseases
	Protein Metabolism- Matabolism of prince saids, bis synthesis and catabolisms.
	a. Metabolism of amino acids- biosynthesis and catabolism -
	energy, glucose and ketone bodies, protein amino acids,
	non-protein amino acids (including urea cycle,
	transamination, one-carbon metabolism),
	b. Creatine and creatinine,
	c. Plasma proteins – Nature, properties and functions,
	d. Biologically active peptides, polypeptides and transport
	proteins, Inborn errors of amino acid metabolism
Module 3	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	1. Examine the intermediary metabolism of human body.
	2. Define biological oxidation.
	biological oxidation

Content Outline	 Intermediary Metabolism-
	o Review of regulation of intermediary metabolism-
	equilibrium and non-equilibrium reactions, committed
	steps, allosteric modifications, covalent modulation,
	hormonal induction and repression, crossover theorem,
	starve-feed cycle, caloric homeostasis and futile cycles,
	Tricarboxylic acid cycle
	 Biological Oxidation: Electron transport chain and oxidative
	phosphorylation
Module 4	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	Define the metabolism of purine and pyrimidines.
	2. Recognise the metabolism of DNA, RNA.
Content Outline	 Biochemical aspects of purine and pyrimidines-
	 Metabolism of purines
	 Metabolism of pyrimidines
	 Role of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides in
	metabolism.
	 Biochemistry of Nucleic Acids-
	 Metabolism of DNA
	 Metabolism of RNA
	 DNA replication, mutation, repair and
	recombination concepts
	 Disorders of nucleic acid metabolism
	o Protein Biosynthesis-
	 Gene expression and its regulation,
	transcription, translation, post-
	o translational modification
	 Inhibitors of protein biosynthesis
	o Gene expression in mitochondria
	 Systems Biology including Metabolomics and Proteomics

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Summarise the pathways of specific nutrient metabolism n human body.
- Present a project on physical structure and composition of each nutrients.

- Conn, E.E., Stumpf, P.K., Bruening, G. and Doi, R.H. (2006): 5th Ed. Outlines of Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons.
- Devlin, T.M. (2010): 7th Ed. Text book of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlations, Wiley Liss Inc
- King, E.J. and Wootton, I.D.P. (1959). 3rd ed. Micro-Analysis in Medical Biochemistry. J and A Churchill Ltd.
- Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell, V.W. (2018): 31st Ed. Harpers Biochemistry. Macmillan Worth Publishers.

- Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M. (2017): 7th Ed. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, Macmillan Worth Publishers.3
- Plummer, D.T. (1987). 3rd ed. An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. McGraw-Hill Book Co
- Stryer, L. (2002): 5th Ed. Biochemistry, WH Freeman and Co.
- Tietz, N.W. (2018). 8th Ed. Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry. WB Saunders Co.
- Voet, D. Voet, J.G. and Pratt, C.W. (2021). 5 thEd. Fundamentals of Biochemistry.

1.2 Major (Core)

Course Title	Food Chemistry
Subject Code	114312
Course Credits	4
Course Objective	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic concepts of nutrients that compose the food. 2. Understand the structure and role of nutrients in food. 3. Comprehend the effects of processing on food and its composing nutrients.
CourseOutcomes	Be familiar with composition of food stuffs
	Understand the properties and significance of various food constituents.
	Understand changes occurring in various food stuffs after harvest, during storage and transportation, as a result of processing and cooking.
	Apply this knowledge for food product development, food analysis and quality control.
Module	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	 Define water and its properties. Distinguish between classifications of carbohydrates.
Content Outline	 Water, Ice and Food Dispersions a: Structure and properties of water and ice types of water, solutions and colligative properties Water activity and Food spoilage, Sorption phenomena Phase transition of foods containing water Relation between viscosity and temperature WLF equation Water-solute interactions Heat transfer during processing b: Colloidal salts, stabilization of colloidal systems, Rheology of food dispersions c: Gels: Structure, formation, strength, types and permanence d: Foams: Structure, formation and stabilization o Carbohydrates: Polysaccharides, Sugars and Sweeteners a. Reactions of mono and oligosaccharides b. Use of Polysaccharides in foods: Non-starch Polysaccharides: Cellulose, hemicelluloses, pectins, Gums(gum Arabic, guar gum, xanthan gum), animal polysaccharides, agar, alginates, carageenan. c. Starch: Structure, Properties of amylose and amylopectin, effect of processing -gelatinization, methods for following gelatinization. Characteristics of some food starches. Effects of ingredients and conditions on gelatinization. Retrogradation d: Polysaccharide hydrolysis

	e: Modified food starches: mechanically damaged starches,
	extruded starches, pre-gelatinized, thin boiling starch, cross-linked
	starches, starch ethers and esters, oxidized starches
	f: Sugars and Sweeteners: Sugars, syrups, sugar alcohols, potent sweeteners, sugar products, Caramelization.
	Confectionery, chocolates, jams and jellies, synthetic and natural
	beverages
Module 2	1.5 Credit
Pioduic 2	1.5 credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	1.Define Proteins and its properties.
	2. Distinguish between classifications of Amino Acids.
Content Outline	A: Chemistry of Amino acids, peptides, proteins and Science of
	Protein Foods
	a: Review of structure, physicochemical properties, functional
	properties of amino acids, peptides and proteins
	b: Chemical and enzymatic modifications- denaturation, non-
	enzymatic browning, and other chemical changes
	c: Processing induced physical, chemical and nutritional changes
	d: Texturized proteins e: Protein isolates, concentrates
	f: Protein hydrolysate
	11 Trocent Try drory Sace
	B. Enzymes:
	a. Review of nomenclature, properties and isolation
	Nature of enzymes, stability and action.
	b: Factors influencing enzymes- enzyme inactivation and control
	c: Enzymes in food processing and modification- Proteolytic enzymes,
	oxidases, lipases, enzymes decomposing carbohydrates and
	applications
	d: Immobilised enzymes in food processing. e. Enzymes in waste management
	f Enzymes and health/nutrition/food issues
	T Enzymes and health/hathtion/100d issues
	C. Milk and Milk Products:
	a. Composition. Physical and functional properties.
	b. Denaturation
	c. Effects of processing and storage.
	d. Cultured milk, yogurt, butter, whey, cheese, concentrated and dried
	products, frozen desserts, dairy product substitutes.
	D. Most and Poultry
	D. Meat and Poultry:a. Muscle composition, characteristics and structure.
	b. Post mortem changes.
	c. Processing, preservation and their effects. Heat-induced changes in
	meat.
	d Variables in meat preparation. Tenderizers.
	e. Meat Products.
	E. Eggs:
	a. Structure and Composition. Changes during storage.
	b. Functional properties of eggs, use in cookery.

	,
	c. Egg processing.
	d. Low cholesterol egg substitutes.
	F.Fish and Sea Food:
	a. Types and Composition
	b. Storage and changes during storage. Changes during processing.
	c. By-products and newer products.
	c. by-products and newer products.
	G.Pulses and Legumes:
	a. Structure, composition
	b. Processing.
	c. Toxic constituents.
Module 3	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	1.Define lipids and its properties and classifications.
	2. Distinguish between aroma compounds.
Content Outline	A. Lipids: Fats, Oils and Related Products
Content outline	a. Review of nomenclature, classification, sources, composition, and
	properties
	b. Role of lipids in food flavour. Effects of processing on chemical
	structure and physical properties- Precursors of aroma compounds
	c: Functional properties of fat and uses in food preparations, inter-
	esterification of fats.
	d: Lipids exposed to frying conditions, hydrogenated fat and irradiated
	foods
	e: Lipid-protein complexes, emulsions: formation, stability, surfactants
	and emulsifiers
	f. Fat deterioration and antioxidants
	g. Fat substitutes
	B. Nuts and Oilseeds: Composition, Oil extraction and by-products
	C. Flavors:
	a: Individual aroma compounds- vegetable, fruit and spice/condiment
	flavors, flavors from lactic acid/ethanol fermentation, flavors volatiles
	from fats and oils, flavor volatiles in muscle foods and milk
	b. Composition, flavorings extracts – natural and synthetic
	c: Thermally induced process flavors
	d: Natural and synthetic flavors
	d: Interactions with other constituents
Module 4	0.5 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	1. Designing the processing of fruits and vegetable products.
Content Outline	Fruits, Vegetables and Processed Products
	,
	1.
	Processed Foods:
	 a. Plant anatomy, gross composition, structural features and activities of living systems. b. Enzymes in fruits and vegetables. Flavour constituents. Plant phenolics. Pigments. c. Post-harvest changes. Texture of fruits and vegetables. d. Effects of storage, processing and preservation Processed Foods:

Squashes, Pickles, fruit/vegetable-based, vinegar, pickles. b. Beverages: Synthetic and natural, alcoholic and non-alcoholic, carbonated and non-carbonated, coffee, tea, cocoa. Malted drinks. c., bakery products, dehydrated products.

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Present a report on effect of industrial processing on food.
- Summarise the effects of transportation on nutrients in food.

- Abers, R.J. (Ed) (1976): Foams, Academic Press, New York.
- Belitz, H.D. and Grosch, W. (1999): Food Chemistry, (2nd edition), Springer, New York.
- Borwankar, R.P. and Shoemaker, C.E. (1992) Rheology of Foods. Elsevier Science Publishers Ltd., England
- Bowers, J. (1992): Food Theory and Applications, (2nd edition), MacMillan Publishing Co., New York.
- Charalambour, G. (1990) Flavours and Off-Flavours' 89, Elsevier Science Publishers Ltd., P.O. Box 211, 1000 AE Amsterdam, The Netherlands.
- Charley, H. (1982): Food Science (2nd edition), John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- Cherry, J.P. (Ed) (1981): Protein Functionality in Foods, American Chemical Society, Washington, D.C.
- Damodaran, S. and Parot, A (editors). (1997) Food Proteins and their Applications. Marcel Dekker Inc.
- Duckworth, R.B. (Ed) (1978): Water Relation to Foods, Academic Press, London.
- Friberg, S.E. and Larsson, K.(editors) (1997) Food Emulsions. Marcel Dekker, New York.
- John M. deMan, John W. Finley, W. Jeffrey Hurst, Chang Yong Lee: Principles of food chemistry, 4th edition 2018.
- Julians, B.O. (Ed) (1985): Rice Chemistry and Technology, (2nd edition), American Association of Cereal Chemists, St. Paul Mimesota, USA.
- Mahindru, S.N.(2000) Food Additives- Characteristics Detection and Estimation Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
- Marshall, K.R. and Harper, W.J. (1988): Whey Protein Concentrates, IDF Bulletin No. 233.
- Marwaha, S.S. and Arora, J.K. (2000) Food Processing: Biotechnological Applications Asiatech Publishers Inc, New Delhi
- O'Brien, L.O., Nabors and Gelardi, R.C. (1991) Alternative Sweeteners. Marcel Dekker, New York
- Peckham, G. and Freeland Graves, G.H. (1979): Foundations of Food Preparation.
- Pomeranz, Y. (Ed) (1991): Functional Properties of Food Components, (2nd edition), Academic Press, New York.
- Potter, N. and Hotchkiss, J.H. (1996): Food Science, Fifth edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.

- Salunke, D.K. and Kodam, S.S. (2001): Handbook of Vegetable Science and Technology, Marcel Dekker, Inc., 270, Madison Avenue, New York, NY, 10016.
- Tindall, H.D. (1983): Vegetables in the Tropics, MacMillian, Press, London.
- Tombs, M.P.(1991) Biotechnology in the Food Industry Prentice-Hall Inc, India

Journals:

- Advances in Food Research
- Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry
- Journal of Food Science
- Journal of Food Science and Technology

1.3 Major (Core)

Course Title	Human Nutrition I (Macro nutrients & water) 114313
Subject Code	
Course Credits	4
Course Objective	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of human nutritional requirements 2. Understand the composition of nutrients of food and its application in detail. 3. Calculate the estimated requirement of nutrients for humans
Course Outcomes	After going through the course, learners will be able to - 1. Gain in-depth knowledge of the physiological and metabolic role of macronutrients and their importance in human nutrition.
	 Enable the understanding of basis of human nutritional requirements and recommendations through the life cycle and translate the knowledge into practical guidelines for dietary needs. Familiarize with the recent advances in nutrition and apply this knowledge in planning for public health programmes.
Module 1	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Define RDA, EAR, etc, 2. Understand the components of energy expenditure
Content Outline	 Human Nutritional Requirements – Development and Recent Concepts. a. Methods of determining human nutrient needs b. Description of basic terms and concepts in relation to human nutritional requirements. c. Guidelines and Recommendations - Development of International and National Nutritional Requirements - Translation
	of nutritional requirements into Dietary Body Composition a. Significance of body composition and changes through the life cycle
	 b. Methods for assessing body composition (both classical and recent) and their applications. Nutrition in Special Conditions: Space Travel, High Altitudes, Low Temperature, Submarines. Energy

	a.Components of energy requirements: BMR, RMR, thermic effect of feeding, physical activity. Factors affecting energy requirements, methods of measuring energy expenditure.
	b.Estimating energy requirements of individuals and groups.
	c.Regulation of energy metabolism and body weight: Control of food intake – role of leptin and other hormones.
Module 2	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Define Glycemic index, glycemic load and differentiate between the types of dietary fiber and their mechanism of action.
	2. Relate carbohydrates with gene expression.
Content Outline	 Carbohydrates a.Review of nutritional significance of carbohydrates and changing trends in dietary intake of different types of carbohydrates and their implications
	b.Dietary fibre: Types, sources, role and mechanism of action
	c.Resistant starch, fructo-oligosaccharides, other oligosaccharides: Chemical composition and physiological significance
	d.Glycemic Index and glycemic load
	e.Carbohydrates and gene expression
Module 3	
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	1. Understand the role of protein & its metabolism.
Content Outline	 Proteins a.Overview of role of muscle, liver and G.I. tract in protein metabolism b.Amino acid and peptide transporters c.Therapeutic applications of specific amino acids d.Peptides of physiological significance e.Proteins, amino acids and gene expression.
Module 4	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Understand the role and metabolism of lipids.
Content Outline	 Lipids a.Nutritional significance of fatty acids – SFA, MUFA, PUFA: functions and deficiency b.Role of n-3 and n-6 fatty acids c.Prostaglandins d.Trans Fatty Acids

e.Conjugated linoleic acid

f.Nutritional Requirements and dietary guidelines (International & National) for visible and invisible fats in diets. g.Lipids and gene expression.

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Conduct a practical for estimation of nutrient requirement based on anthropometric assessments in the neighbourhood.
- Present a report summarising role of specific nutrients in human body

- A. Catharine Ross, Benjamin Caballero Professor, Robert J. Cousins, Katherine L. Tucker, Thomas R. Ziegler M.D: Modern Nutrition in Health and Disease. (2013) 11th edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins
- Annual Reviews of Nutrition. Annual Review Inc, California, USA.
- Baeurle, P.A. (ed) (1994) Inducible Gene Expression. Part I: Environmental Stresses and Nutrients. Boston: Birkhauser.
- Berdanier, C.D. and Haargrove, J.L. (ed) (1996): Nutrients and Gene Expression: Clinical Aspects. Boca Raton, FL CRC Press.
- Bodwell, C.E. and Erdman, J.W. (1988) Nutrient Interactions. Marcel Dekker Inc. New York
- Chandra, R.K. (ed) (1992): Nutrition and Immunology. ARTS Biomedical. St. John's Newfoundland.
- Indian Council of Medical Research. Nutritive Value of Indian Foods Latest Publication.
- Indian Council of Medical Research. Recommended Dietary Intakes for Indians Latest Recommendations.
- International Life Sciences InstitutePresent Knowledge in Nutrition latest edition
- WHO Technical Report Series.
- World Reviews of Nutrition and Dietetics.

1.4 Major (Core)

Carrier Title	Mathada of Touristication in Faula O Notation
Course Title	Methods of Investigation in Foods & Nutrition 114324
Subject Code	114324
Course Credits	2
Course Outcomes	Examine the principals involved in different methods of
Course Outcomes	investigation.
	2. Apply the principles of analytical techniques available for
	research in food science and nutrition.
	3. Classify the applications, strengths and limitations of different
	methods
	1. Recognise with the applications of the above techniques.
	2. Become efficient in the use of some of the most commonly
	used techniques and instruments in High quality research.
Module 1	
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	1. Analyse basic physiochemical principles related to food.
- Cutcomics	2. Recognize colourimetric and spectrometric techniques.
Combont Outline	
Content Outline	1. Electrolytic dissociation – Acids, bases, salts, buffers,
	Hendersen- Hasselbach equation. Theory of indicators and principles of measurement of pH.
	Acid and Alkalis: Preparation of dilute solutions of common acids
	and alkalis and determining their exact normalities.
	Buffers: Preparation of phosphate, carbonate-bicarbonate, boric
	acid, acetate, chloride and pthalate buffers and determination of
	their pH by the use of indicators and pH meters.
	Bioassays – Animal studies, Human Studies, Microbiological
	assays.
	Radiochemical Methods Use of Isotopes –
	Radioactive and stable isotopes.
	Basics of Instrumentation – Physico-chemical principles and methodology –
	1:Colorimetry, Spectrometry: Beer Lambert law, absorption
	maximum, Preparation of standard curve and nutrient estimations
	in UV and visible range
	2:Photometry
	3:Fluorimetry
	4: flame photometry
	5: Atomic absorptiometry. AAS, AES
	6: Infrared spectrometry
Module 2	
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	1. Know the rheological properties of food items.
	2. Apply varied separation techniques of food.
Content Outline	Separation Techniques

Chromatography -

Principles and application in chromatographic techniques:

1:Paper (circular, ascending and descending)

2:Ion-exchange

3: column

4:Thin layer

5:Gas liquid

6:high performance liquid chromatography

7: Supercritical fluid extraction

Electrophoresis and Centrifugation

Principle and applications in paper and gel electrophoresis.

NMR and its applications

Immunological Methods - RIA, ELISA.

Viscosity and Consistency Measurements of Food.

Unit 1. Measurements of Rheological properties

Measurement of specific gravity, freezing point, melting point, refractive index, gel strength, Brix, Densitometry, Refractometry,

Polarimetry, Measurement of Colour.

Instrumental Measurement of Texture of Foods

Dough, Pasta, Baked Products, Fruits and Vegetables,

Dairy Products, Meat, Starch.

Relative Humidity and Water Activity

Aeration / Over run Measurement

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Demonstrate a visual representation for pathway of assessment of food.
- Prepare a report on scope and applications of food assessment techniques.

- Boyer, R. (2000). 3 rd Ed. Modern Experimental Biochemistry. Person Education, Asia.
- Dawes, E.A. (1980) 6 th Ed. Quantitative Problems in Biochemistry. Longman Group Ltd.
- DeMan, J.M., Voisey, P.W. Rasper, V.F. and Stanley, D.W. (1976): Rheology and Texture in Food Quality, The AVI Publishing Co. Inc, West Port.
- Fung, D.Y.C. and Matthews, R. (2017): 1st Ed. Instrumental Methods for Quality Assurance in Foods, London: Taylor and Francis 2017
- Gruenwedel, D.W.; Whitaker, J.R. (editors) (1984): Food Analysis Principles and techniques, Volumes 1 to 8, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York.
- Herschdoerfer, S.M. (4th ed) (2021): Quality Control in the Food Industry, Vols. 1 Academic Press, London.
- Khosla, B.D., Garg, V.C. and Khosla, A. (2020). 6 th Ed. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry. R. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- Moskowitz, H. R. (1st ed) (1987): Food Texture: Instrumental and Sensory Measurement: Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York.
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- Skoog, D.A., Holler, F.H. and Nieman (2020): 7th Ed. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Saunders College Publishing, Philadelphia.
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- Vogel, A.I. (2009) 6th Ed. A Textbook of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis by The English Language Book Society and Longman.

1.5.1 Major (Elective)

Course Title	Food Science and chemistry (Practical)
Subject Code	124321
Subject Code	
Course	4
Credits	
Course	This course enables students to:
Objective	Learn the basic principles of food science.
	2. Understand the applications and techniques of different food
	groups in cooking.
	3. Understand the scope of food production for commercial purposes.
Course	1. To understand principles of food science involved in bringing changes
Outcomes	in foods.
	2. To observe and identify physical and chemical changes underlying the
Module 1	preparation of diverse foods. 1 credit
Learning	
Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Understand the process of sugar cookery.
	2. Able to make formulation of candies.
Content	A. Solutions and Ice crystallization:
Outline	a) Effect of formula and procedure on crystal size of frozen
	desserts B. Sugar cookery
	a) Tests for stages of sugar cookery
	b) Effect of dry heat on sucrose.
	c) Crystalline and Non crystalline candies
Module 2	1.5 credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	Know applications of processing of cereals and flours. Examine sensorial characteristics related food items.
Content	A. Cereals and Flours
Outline	a) Gelatinization of Starch (different types)
	b) Comparison of different cereals for water absorption and
	consistency c) Comparison of - different methods of cooking rice,
	different varieties of rice
	d) Starches as thickening agents (potato, corn and other) B. Temporary and Permanent emulsions
	a) Salad Dressings
	b) Effect of Stabilizers and Emulsifiers in salad dressings
	c) Comparisons of low fat and high fat French dressing
	d) Preparation and Comparison of Mayonnaise with variations (with
	and without egg) C. Principles that maintain high quality fried foods
	a) Smoke point of different fats and oils
	b) Effect of Temperature on fat absorption
	c) Effect of Formulation on fat absorption

	d) Effect of Coating and binding agents on fat absorption
	e) Comparison of Texture, flavor and mouth-feel of food products
	using fat substitutes.
Module 3	1.5 credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	1. Understand role of protein in food processing.
	2. Able to examine properties of various food items.
Content	. Effect of different conditions on properties of proteins e.g milk
Outline	a) Effect of acids (citric acid, lactic acid and acetic acid) on
	coagulation of milk proteins
	b) Effect of gums on gelation
	c) Effect of fat content, pH stabilizers in cream and whipped
	toppings d) Difference between natural and processed
	Cheese
	B. Examination of properties of egg/meat
	a) Denaturation and Coagulation
	b) Egg white foams – volume and stability
	c) Effect of acid and alkalies on meat/poultry
	C. Factors affecting Gelatin gel
	a) Temperature of liquid
	b) Proteolytic enzymes
	c) Whipping
	D. Factors affecting vegetable pigments
	a) Temperature
	b) Acid,
	c) Alkalies
	E. Pectin gel
	a) Determination of pectin content, development of a fruit jam,
	using natural and commercial pectin.

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Relate the principles of food science and preparation of different recipes.

- Damodaran S., Parkin KL. and Fennema OR. Fennema's Food Chemistry(4th Edition), Florida: CRC Press
- Jameson K. (1998). Food Science A Laboratory Manual, New Jersey:Prentice Hall Inc.
- Lawless, H. and Heymann, H. (1998). Sensory Evaluation of Food Principles and Practices, Kluwer Academic/PlemerPublishers. USA: CRC Press Inc.
- McWilliam, M.(2001). Foods Experimental Perspectives (4th Ed.), New Jersey: Prentice Hall Inc.
- Weaver, C. (1996), Food Chemistry Laboratory A manual for Experimental Foods

1.5.2 Major (Elective)

Course Title	Public Nutrition and Health 124312
Subject Code	
Course Credits	4
Course Objective	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of public nutrition. 2. Understand the major nutritional concerns in community. 3. Understand the application of nutritional intervention at a community level.
Course Outcomes	Develop a holistic knowledge base and understanding of the nature of important nutritional problems and their prevention and control for the disadvantaged and upper socio-economic strata in society
	Understand the causes /determinants and consequences of nutritional problems in society
	Be familiar with various approaches to nutrition and health interventions, programmes and policies.
Module 1	1 credit
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Know the concepts associated with public health and nutrition. 2. Understand the concepts of food and nutrition security.
Content Outline	Concept of public nutrition a. Relationship between health and nutrition b. Role of public nutritionists in the health care delivery Sectors and Public Policies relevant to nutrition and health. Primary Health Care of the Community a. National Health Care Delivery System b. Determinants of Health Status c. Indicators of Health Population Dynamics a. Demographic transition b. Population structure c. Fertility behavior d. Population policy e. Fertility f. Interrelationship between Nutrition and Quality of Life
	Food and Nutrition Security a. Food production Access Distribution Availability

	♦ Losses
	Consumptionb. Food Security
	c. Socio-cultural aspects and Dietary Patterns:
	Their implications for Nutrition and Health
Module 2	1 credit
Module 2	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	1. Understand influence of determinates of nutritional status.
	2. Critically examine relationship of nutrient deficiencies amongst
	population.
Content Outline	Nutritional Status
	a. Determinants of nutritional status of individual and populations
	b. Nutrition and Non-nutritional indicators
	❖ Socio-cultural
	♦ Biologic
	Environmental
	* Economic
	c. Assessment of nutritional status of individuals of different ages-
	MUAC, Weight for age, Height for age, Weight for Height, Ponderal
	index, BMI Applications and limitations in different field situations- choice of an indicator
	choice of all indicator
	Major Nutritional Problems – etiology, prevalence, clinical
	manifestations, preventive and therapeutic measures for:
	a. Macro and micro nutrient deficiencies
	b. Other nutritional problems like lathyrism, dropsy, aflatoxicosis,
	alcoholism and fluorosis.
	c. Overweight, obesity and chronic degenerative diseases
Module 3	2 credits
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	Able to implement approaches and strategies for community
	nutrition.
	2. Design interventions for improving malnutrition and public health.
Content Outline	Approaches and Strategies for improving nutritional status and
	health:
	a. National Food, Nutrition and Health Policies
	- Plan of action and programmes
	b. Programmatic options- their advantages and demerits.
	Feasibility
	Political support
	Available resources (human, financial, infrastructural)
	c. Case studies of selected strategies and programmes: their rationale
	and context, how to select interventions from a range of possible options:
	ορασίο.
	d. Health-based interventions, Food-based interventions including
	fortification and genetic improvement of foods, supplementary feeding,
	Nutrition education for behaviour change.
l .	l –

Health economics and economics of malnutrition
a. Its impact on productivity and national development
b. Cost-Benefit
Cost effectiveness
Cost efficiency

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Demonstrate a working principle of a health and nutrition based non-profit organisation.
- Conduct a community survey for health assessment techniques

- Achaya, K.T. (Ed) (1984): Interfaces between agriculture nutrition and food science, The United Nations University.
- Allen, L. and Ahluwalia, N. (1997) Improving Iron Status Through Diet: The Application of Knowledge Correcting Dietary Iron Bioavailability in Human Populations. OMNI/USAID, Arlington, VA, USA
- Bamji, M.S., Rao, P.N., Reddy, V. (4th Ed) (2019): Textbook of Human Nutrition, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Beaton, G.H. and Bengoa, J.M. (Eds) (2012): Nutrition in Preventive Medicine, WHO.
- Berg, A. (1973): The Nutrition Factor, the Brookings Institution, Washington.
- Census Reports.
- Documents and Reports of the International Nutritional Anemia Consultative Group
- Documents and Reports published by the International Vitamin A Consultative Group
- Gopalan, C. (Ed) (1987): Combating Undernutrition Basic Issues and Practical Approaches, Nutrition Foundation of India.
- Gopalan, C. and Kaur, S. (Eds) (1989): Women and Nutrition in India, Nutrition Foundation of India.
- Gopalan, C. and Kaur, S. (Eds) (1993): Towards Better Nutrition, Problems and Policies, Nutrition Foundation of India.
- Howson, C.; Kennedy, E. and Horwirz, A. (eds) (1998). Prevention of Micronutrient Deficiencies: Tools for Policymakers and Public Health Workers. Committee on Micronutrient Deficiencies, Board on International Health, Food and Nutrition Board, National Academy Press, Washington D.C. USA.
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- Murray, C. and Lopez, A. (eds)(1996) Global Burden of Disease and Injury Harvard University Press, Cambridge, MA, USA.
- Murray, C.; Lopez, A. (eds) (1994) Global Comparative Assessments in the Health Sector Disease Burden, Expenditures and Intervention Packages. Collected articles from the Bulletin of the World Health Organization, Geneva, Switzerland.
- National Family Health Survey I & (1993, 2000): International Institute for Population Studies, Mumbai.
- National Nutrition Policy (1993): Dept. of WCD, Govt. of India.

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- Nestel, P. (ed) (1995). Proceedings: Interventions for Child Survival. OMNI/USAID Arlington, VA, USA
- Nutrition Education for the Public (1997): FAO Food and Nutrition Paper, 62, FAO.
- Owen, A.Y. and Frankle, R.T. (1993): Nutrition in the Community, The Art of Delivering Services, 3rd Edition Times Mirror/Mosby.
- Park, K. (2021): Park's textbook of preventive and social medicine, 26 th Edition, M/s. BanarasidasBhanot, Jabalpur.
- Ramakrishnan, U. (eds) (2001). Nutritional Anemias. CRC Press in Modern Nutrition, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Ross, J.; Horton, S. (1998) Economic Consequences of Iron Deficiency. The Micronutrient Initiative, Ottawa, Canada.
- SCN News, UN ACC/SCN Subcommittee on Nutrition.
- State of the World's Children, UNICEF.
- World Health Organization (1998) World Health Report: Life in the 21 st century. Report of the Director General. WHO, Geneva, Switzerland

1.6. Minor Stream

Course Credits This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of clinical research and its types. 2. Understand the scientific process of conducting research. 3. Understand the tools and systems available for collecting data for research purposes. Course Outcomes After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Develop a scientific approach and know the processes of research 2. Develop the competence for selecting methods and tools appropriate for research topics 3. Understand concepts of statistical measures of central tendency, dispersion, variability and probability Module 1 1 Credit Learning After learning the module, learners will be able to -	Course Title	Research Methodology (Th.) 134311
Course Objective This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of clinical research and its types. 2. Understand the scientific process of conducting research. 3. Understand the tools and systems available for collecting data for research purposes. After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Develop a scientific approach and know the processes of research 2. Develop the competence for selecting methods and tools appropriate for research topics 3. Understand concepts of statistical measures of central tendency, dispersion, variability and probability Module 1 1. Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to - 1. Understand process of research and its relationship to knowledge and science. 2. Identify research process based on actual researches conducted. 3. Recognise process of research problem formulation. Content Outline The Research Process a. Scientific approach to enquiry in comparison to native, common sense approach b. Knowledge, theory and research c. Role, need and scope of research in the discipline of Home Science Steps in Research Process and Elements of Research a. Identifying interest areas and prioritizing Selection of topic and considerations in selection b. Review of related literature and research c. Variables- types of variables including discrete and continuous variables Conceptual definitions and operational definitions d. Concepts, hypotheses and theories e Hypothesis- meaning, attributes of a sound hypothesis, Stating the hypothesis meaning, attributes of a sound hypothesis, Stating the hypothesis meaning, attributes of a sound hypothesis, Stating the hypothesis stesting- null hypothesis, sample distribution, level of significance, critical regions, Type I and Type II errors f. Research Design Research Design Research gesearch	Subject Code	
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The Research Process a. Scientific approach to enquiry in comparison to native, common sense approach b. Knowledge, theory and research c. Role, need and scope of research in the discipline of Home Science Steps in Research Process and Elements of Research a. Identifying interest areas and prioritizing Selection of topic and considerations in selection b. Review of related literature and research c.Variables- types of variables including discrete and continuous variables Conceptual definitions and operational definitions d. Concepts, hypotheses and theories e Hypothesis- meaning, attributes of a sound hypothesis, Stating the hypothesis and types of hypothesis Hypothesis testing- null hypothesis, sample distribution, level of significance, critical regions, Type I and Type II errors f. Research Design Research questions, objectives and assumptions Ethics in Research	Outcomes	 Understand process of research and its relationship to knowledge and science. Identify research process based on actual researches conducted.
	Content Outline	a. Scientific approach to enquiry in comparison to native, common sense approach b. Knowledge, theory and research c. Role, need and scope of research in the discipline of Home Science Steps in Research Process and Elements of Research a. Identifying interest areas and prioritizing Selection of topic and considerations in selection b. Review of related literature and research c.Variables- types of variables including discrete and continuous variables Conceptual definitions and operational definitions d. Concepts, hypotheses and theories e Hypothesis- meaning, attributes of a sound hypothesis, Stating the hypothesis and types of hypothesis Hypothesis testing- null hypothesis, sample distribution, level of significance, critical regions, Type I and Type II errors f. Research Design Research questions, objectives and assumptions
I O COIL	Module 2	
After learning the module, learners will be able to -	-ioddic 2	

Learning	1. Understand and apply different types of research procedures.
Outcomes	2. Able to design research studies by knowing methods of research.
Content Outline	Types of Research
	a. Basic and Applied research, Qualitative and Quantitative research
	(brief review of differences)
	b. Historical research
	c. Descriptive research methods – survey, case study, correlational
	study, content analysis, causal-comparative research
	d. Analytic studies- pre-experimental, experimental research, quasi
	experimental research
	e. Qualitative research, Ethnography
	f. Evaluative research- general characteristics, use of qualitative
	methods in enquiry Scope and importance in Home Science.
Module 3	1 Credit
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	 Understand different techniques of sampling. Apply sampling procedures for specific research problems.
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Content Outline	Sampling
	a. Rationale, characteristics- meaning, concept of population and
	sample, and utility
	b. Types of sampling and generalizability of results
	c. Probability sampling - simple random sample, systematic random
	sample, stratified random sampling etc - random and non-random
	samples, random numbers and use
	d. non-probability sampling - purposive samples, incidental samples,
	quota samples, snowball samples
	e. General consideration in determination of sample size
Module 4	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to -
Outcomes	3. Know different tools of data collection.
	4. Design different tools of data collection.
Content Outline	Tools for Data Collection
	a. Primary and secondary methods of data collection
	b. Different types of questionnaires, rating scales, check lists,
	schedules, attitude scales, inventories, standardized tests, interviews,
	observation
	c. Development of tools, estimation of reliability and validity of tools
	d. Procedure for preparation of the tool, administration of tools for data
	collection
	e. Procedure for data collection
Accientus	f. Planning for data analysis-coding of responses
Assianments/Act	tivities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Recognize different Types of variables.
- Hypothesis formations and research questions from Research readings –students identify hypothesis/research questions Discussion
- Construction of tools for data collection a) types of questions b) Questionnaire c) interview schedule d) observation d) scales

- For a given topic, student to frame and discuss the different possibilities of methods and tools
- Differentiate between (a) basic and applied research (Exercise to be based on actual research papers published in accredited journals) (b) qualitative and quantitative research
- Based on Journal contents undertake a critical appraisal of studies/research papers and discuss types of Research with examples.

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- Bulmer, M.C. (1984): 2ndSociological Research Methods: An Introduction, Macmillan, Hong Kong.
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- Kumar, A. (1997): Social Research Method (The Art of Scientific Investigation), Anmol Publication, New Delhi.
- Kumar, A. (2002): Research Methodology in Social Sciences, Sarup and Sons, New Delhi.
- McBurney, D.H. (2012): 9th Ed. Research Methods, Thomson-Wadsworth, Australia.
- Pande, G.C. (1999): Research Methodology in Social Sciences, Anmol Publication, New Delhi.

END OF SEMESTER 1

Syllabus Contents

Semester Two

2.1 Major (Core)

Course Title	Food Microbiology
Subject Code	214311
Subject Code	
Course Credits	4
Course Objective Course	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of food microbiology. 2. Understand the factors affecting microbial growth in foods. 3. Comprehend the techniques used for food preservation. After going through the course, learners will be able to
Outcomes	After going through the course, learners will be able to
Outcomes	Distinguish the role of micro-organisms in humans and environment.
	Analyse the importance of micro-organisms in food spoilage and to learn advanced techniques used in food preservation.
	 Explore the recent procedures adopted in various food operations to prevent food- borne disorders and legal aspects involved in these areas.
Module 1	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	Recognize the importance of food microbiology, spoilage, preservation & fermentation.
	Explore the factors affecting the survival & growth of micro- organisms.
Content Outline	 A) History, scope, and importance of food microbiology B) Food spoilage, food preservation, fermentation, QA/QC C) Micro-organisms and food: a. Their primary sources in foods, morphology, cultural characteristics, and biochemical activities. b. Airborne bacteria, fungi c. Microorganisms found in soil d. Microorganisms in water e. Normal flora of skin, nose, throat, GI tract D) Factors affecting the survival and growth of microorganisms in food. a. Intrinsic and Extrinsic parameters that affect microbial growth.

	b. Intrinsic factors required for growth- Overview, Nutrient effect, pH, Buffer, Anaerobic/aerobic conditions, Moisture content,
	Temperature, Gaseous atmosphere
	c. Implicit factors- properties of microorganisms, its response to
	external conditions.
	E) Food Preservation techniques and its application to different
	types of foods: a. Physical methods – Drying, freeze-drying cold storage, heat
	treatments (pasteurization), TDT, TDP Irradiation (UV, microwave,
	ionization), high pressure processing, Aseptic packaging, modified atmosphere
	b. Chemical preservatives and Natural antimicrobial compounds.c. Biologically based preservation systems and Probiotic bacteria.
	F) Beneficial Uses of Microorganisms:
	a. Fermented foods, (Yeast, lactobacillus)
	b. Fermented milk, Cheese, vegetables, beer, vinegar
	c. Genetically modified foods, marine foods
Module 2	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	Recognise various methods of microbial examinations
	2. Analyse the spoilage of different food groups
Content	A) Microbiological examination -Methods of Isolation and
Outline	detection of microorganisms or their products in food.
	a. Conventional methods
	b. Rapid methods (Newer techniques)
	c. Immunological methods: Fluorescent, antibody, Radio
	immunoassay, ELISA etc.
	d. Chemical methods: Thermostable nuclear, ATP measurement and PCR (Polymers chain reactions) - only principles in brief.
	B) Spoilage of different food groups:
	a. Cereal and cereal products
	b. Vegetables & fruits
	c. Meat & meat products
	d. Eggs and poultry
	e. Fish and other seafoods
	f. Milk and milk products
Course Title	g. Canned food Food Microbiology (Pr)
Course	After going through the course, learners will be able to
Outcomes	
,	1. Formulate common laboratory media & special media for cultivation of
	micro-organisms.
	2.Undertake bacteriological analysis of food
Module 3	1 Credit
Module 3 Learning Outcomes	1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to

Content	Preparation of common laboratory media and special media for
Outline	cultivation of bacteria, yeast & Molds.
	Staining of Bacteria: Gram's staining, acid-fast, spore, capsule and
	flagellar staining, Motility of bacteria, Staining of yeast and molds.
	Cultivation and Identification of important molds and yeasts.
	(slides and mold culture).
	Study of environment around us as sources of transmission of
	microorganisms in foods. Assessment of surface sanitation of food
	preparation units - swab and rinse techniques.
	Isolation of microorganisms: Different methods and maintenance of
	cultures of microorganisms.
Module 4	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	1.Analyse various foods bacteriologically.
Content	Bacteriological analysis of Foods: Both processed and unprocessed
Outline	like vegetables and fruits, cereals, spices, and canned foods, using
	conventional methods, yeast, and mold count in foods.
	Bacteriological analysis of water and milk, Total count, MPN Coliform
	(Count) and MBRT, IMVIC etc.

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Demonstrate the growth of microbes on specified media and list the factors affecting its growth.
- Summarise/ Present a report on various food preservation techniques employed at the industrial level.

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Journals:

- Journal of Food Science Published by the Institute of Food Technologists, Chicago, U.S.A.
- Journal of Food Science and Technology published by Association of Food Scientists and Technologists (India) CFTRI MYSORE.
- Food Technology published by the Institute of Food Technologists, Chicago, U.S.A.

2.2 Major (Core)

Course Title	Human Nutrition II (Micronutrients) (Th)
Subject Code	214312
Course Credits	4
Course Objective	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of Vitamins and Minerals in the human body.
	2. Understand the factors affecting requirements and availability of vitamins and minerals.
	3. Comprehend the implications of deficiency of micronutrients on human body.
Course Outcomes	After going through the course, learners will be able to
	Recognize the physiological and metabolic role of vitamins and minerals in human nutrition.
	2. Evaluate the pharmacological actions of various vitamins &
	minerals along with their implications.
Module 1	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	Acknowledge the metabolism of fat-soluble vitamins
	Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of fat-soluble vitamins.
Content Outline	For each vitamin & mineral, the following will be discussed:
	❖ Historical background
	 Structure and chemistry
	❖ Food sources
	 Metabolism (digestion, absorption, transport, storage, and elimination), Bioavailability and factors affecting bioavailability. Biochemical and physiological functions
	❖ Assessment of status
	 Interaction with other nutrients, regulation of gene expression (wherever applicable)
	 Pharmacological and therapeutic effects
	Requirements, methods for estimating requirements and
	recommended daily allowance.
	Deficiency, overload, and toxicity.
	Fat Soluble Vitamins
	Vitamin A and Beta Carotene
	Vitamin D Vitamin E
	Vitamin EVitamin K
	- Vicalilli IX

Module 2	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	Acknowledge the metabolism of water-soluble vitamins
	2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of water-
	soluble vitamins.
Content Outline	Water Soluble Vitamins
	Ascorbic acid
	Thiamin Bit of loving
	RiboflavinNiacin
	Pyridoxine
	Folic acid
	Vitamin B ₁₂
	Biotin
Module 3	1 Credit
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to
Outcomes	Acknowledge the metabolism of macro-minerals
	2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of macro-
	minerals.
Content Outline	Macro-minerals
Content Outline	Calcium and Phosphorus
Content Outline	Calcium and PhosphorusMagnesium
	Calcium and PhosphorusMagnesiumSodium, Potassium, Chloride
Module 4	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit
Module 4 Learning	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to
Module 4	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals
Module 4 Learning	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of microminerals
Module 4 Learning	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron Copper
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron Copper Manganese
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron Copper Manganese Iodine Fluoride Zinc
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron Copper Manganese Iodine Fluoride Zinc Selenium
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron Copper Manganese Iodine Fluoride Zinc Selenium Cobalt
Module 4 Learning Outcomes	 Calcium and Phosphorus Magnesium Sodium, Potassium, Chloride 1 Credit After learning the module, learners will be able to 1. Acknowledge the metabolism of micro-minerals 2. Explore the pharmacological & therapeutic role of micro-minerals Microminerals Iron Copper Manganese Iodine Fluoride Zinc Selenium

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Demonstrate the role of each micronutrient for human health and relate its deficiency with its physical representation.
- Summarise the effect of supplementation of vitamins and minerals in non-communicable disease.

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- WHO Technical Report Series.
- World Reviews of Nutrition and Dietetics.

Journals:

- Nutrition Reviews
- Journal of Nutrition
- American Journal of Clinical Nutrition
- British Journal of Nutrition
- European Journal of Clinical Nutrition
- International Journal of Vitamin and Nutrition Research
- International Journal of Food Science and Nutrition
- Nutrition Research
- Annual Nutrition Metabolism

2.3 Major (Core)

Course Title	Food Safety and Quality Control (Pr.)				
Subject Code	214313				
Course Credits	4				
Course Objectives	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of food safety in industrial food production. 2. Understand the importance and methods of quality control in food production unit. 3. Comprehend the principles and techniques used in product analysis.				
Course	After going through the course, learners will be able to				
Outcomes	 Recognize the importance of quality assurance in food industry. Execute various tests and assess quality, using standards for quality assessment and food safety. Conduct various tests used to detect food adulterants 				
Module 1	0.5 Credit				
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to				
Outcomes	Conduct quality assurance programmes				
Content Outline	Introduction to quality assurance and food safety. Current concepts of quality control. Quality Assurance Programme: Quality plan, documentation of records, product standards, product and purchase specifications, process control and HACCP, hygiene and housekeeping, corrective action, quality and programme and total quality process.				
Module 2	1 Credit				
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to				
Outcomes	1. Evaluate Product analysis				
Content Outline	 2. Assess purity & quality of food additives & contaminants. Product Evaluation: Sampling for product evaluation and line control. Statistical quality and process control Specifications and food standards. International, National – Mandatory, Voluntary. Sample preparation Reporting results and reliability of analysis. Assessment of purity and quality using appropriate standard tests and Detection / Estimation of Food Additives and Contaminants- qualitative and quantitativemethods for: 				
	Water including mineral water.				
	Cereals and cereal products				

	Pulses and legumes						
	- Flesh foods						
Module 3	1.5 Credit						
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to						
Outcomes	Evaluate Product analysis						
	2. Assess purity & quality of food additives & contaminants.						
Content Outline	Milk and milk products						
	Ice creams and sherbets						
	- Confectionery						
	 Fats and oils including butter, ghee, and hydrogenated fat 						
	Fried snacks and high fat foods						
Module 4	1 Credit						
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to						
Outcomes	Evaluate Product analysis						
	2. Assess purity & quality of food additives & contaminants.						
Content Outline	- Spices and condiments and salt, pickles, sauces, and chutneys.						
	- Tea and coffee						
	- Canned, dehydrated, frozen and bottled fruit/vegetable products						
	- Specific food ingredients such as glycerine, vinegar						
	- Fruit juices, concentrates and beverages.						

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

- Demonstrate the working principle of Quality control employed by indicated food production companies/ units.
- Prepare a report on possible adulterations in each category of food products.

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2.4 Major Core

Course Title Subject Code	Food Product Development, Modifications & Sensory Evaluation (Practical) 214324					
Course Credits	2					
Course Objective	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles of food product development. 2. Understand the application of varied techniques for sensory analysis. 3. Comprehend the current trends of food sale in the market					
Course Outcomes	After going through the course, learners will be able to					
	Acknowledge the concepts about sensory evaluation of food, also analyse and interpret the data.					
	Implement different sensory methods for evaluating variety of foods					
Module 1	1 Credit					
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to					
Outcomes	1. Establish sensory panels					
	Organise an experiment for sensory evaluation					
Content Outline	A. Introduction to sensory analysis and uses of sensory tests. General testing conditions. B. Establishing sensory panels: a. Selecting and recruiting panelists, orienting, screening for trained panels, training panelists, monitoring performance. b. Recognition tests for 4 basic tastes, odour, and aroma. c. Tests with other senses. d. Threshold tests. C. Analytical tests: (i) Difference, (ii) Ranking, (iii) Descriptive, (iv) Scoring and (v) Rating D. Planning an Experiment for Sensory Evaluation: (i) Designing the questionnaire and score card, (ii) Identifying descriptors (iii) Designing Sensory Testing Facilities: Permanent and Temporary E. Conducting the Test: a. Preparing samples - Presenting samples - Presenting samples - Reducing panel response error b. Consumer oriented tests - Product oriented tests c. Shelf-life studies d. Product matching - Product mapping e. Taint Investigation and Prevention					

	F. Collecting and analysing sensory data, statistical analysis, interpretations. Report Writing			
Module 2	0.5 Credit			
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to			
Outcomes	Define & classify food products.			
	Conduct market & consumer survey to identify new food products.			
Content Outline	ANew Food Products a. Definition, Classification b. Characterization Factors shaping new product development- Social concerns, health concerns impact of technology and market place influence. B. Market Survey, Consumer survey to identify new products in terms of - Line Extension - Repositioning Existing Products - New form/Reformulation - New packaging of existing products - Innovative products - Creative Products. C. Tapping traditional foods and unconventional sources of foods. a. Minimizing post-harvest losses. b. Identification of concept & product for development c. Market research for the concept and selected product			
Module 3	0.5 Credit			
Learning	After learning the module, learners will be able to			
Outcomes	Develop new food product.			
	2. Standardize new food product.			
Content Outline	Identification of product, selection of one product and its standardization			
- (Civities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE): Conduct food product surveys in whole sale and retail markets. Conduct sensory evaluation for food product available in the market and their healthier, home-made alternatives.			

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Journals:

- International Journal of Food Science and Technology
- Food Technology

- Journal of Food Technology Trends in Food Science and Technology Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition

2.5 Major Elective

	Semester II		
224313	Functional Foods, Biodynamic principles, Nutraceuticals (Th.)	4	
Course Objective	This course enables students to: 1. Learn the basic principles and regulations in relation to the functional food. 2. Understand the application of functional food in various disease conditions. 3.Comprehend the current trends of research in the field of nutraceuticals.		
Course Outcomes	After going through the course, learners will be able to		
	Define & classify functional foods & nutraceuticals		
	Apply the usage of functional foods & nutraceuticals		
Module 1		1 Credit	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to		
	Define probiotics, prebiotics &synbiotics		
Modulo 2	Introduction: Definition, history, classification – Tyle classification (Probiotics, prebiotics and synbiotics; Non-nutrient; according to target organ; according to origin). Metabolism of xenobiotics (review) Probiotics a. Taxonomy and important features of probiotic micoorganisms. b. Health effects of probiotics including mechanism of c. Probiotics in various foods: fermented milk product products etc. d. Quality Assurance of probiotics and safety. Prebiotics Unit 1. Definition, chemistry, sources, metabolism and bioavailability, effect of processing, physiological effect human health and potential applications in risk reductions in risk reductions, properties of processing, physiological effect human health and potential applications for the foleon Non-digestible carbohydrates/oligosaccharted Dietary fibre • Resistant starch • Gums	utrient vs. o source or ro- f action. ts, non-milk ects, effects on ction of lowing: rides:	
Module 2		2 Credit	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to		
Contont Outling	Analyse the potential health benefits of functional f		
Content Outline	Potential health benefits of the following biodynamic principles: Definition, chemistry, sources, metabolism and bioavailability, effect of processing, physiological effects, effects on human health		

and potential applications in risk reduction of diseases, perspective			
	for food applications for:		
	Polyphenols: Flavonoids, catechins, isoflavones, tannins Companying Bases and the latest and the lates		
	Curcumin, Resveratrol • Phytoestrogens/ Isoflavones		
	Phytoestrogens/ Isonavones Phytosterols		
	Glucosinolates		
	Pigments: Lycopene, Carotenoids		
Organo sulphur compounds			
	 Other components – Phytates, Protease inhibitors, 		
	saponins, Amylase inhibitors, haemagglutinins		
Module 3	1 Credit		
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to		
	Identify the non-nutrient effects of specific nutrients		
Content Outline	Non- nutrient effect of specific nutrients:		
	Proteins, Peptides, and nucleotides, Conjugated linoleic acid and		
	non-fatty acids, Vitamins and Minerals.		
Active biodynamic principles in spices, condiments and other plant materials and their evidence-based effects			
Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):			
- Conduct literature search and summarise the current trend in the usage			
of functional foods for therapeutic purposes.			
· · · ·			
 List the functional foods available in the market. 			

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2.6 Research project

Course Title	INTERNSHIP (On the Job Training)		
Subject Code	244341		
Course Credits	4		
	Internship is to help the student explore world outside classroom. A student can do internship in any government, non-government or corporate organization which is engaged in food science related activities and /or research activities. She may work with Organization/programme/agency/institution involved in food related work.		
Course	Internship will enable the students to:		
Objectives:	 Apply knowledge gained during the programme to work situations. Comprehend the current trends in the market Gain hands-on experience of working in the field through an organizational interface and become job ready. 		
Course	At the end of Internship, the student will be able to:		
Outcomes:	 Comprehend modalities of professional practice by being at work space. Recognize concepts of a professional work environment and become part of one. Conduct one in line with deliverable outcomes for given organization. 		
	 Apply their theoretical learnings into practical work environment. Able to reflect her work and learnings and be able to articulate them at the end of the OJT- on the job training. Apply skills gained in the classroom in work life spaces. 		
Duration	One month or 240 hours		
Sectors	Students are required to work in Research & Development Laboratory/Food Analysis Laboratory/ Nutrition Research areas.		
Accianments / A	ctivities towards Comprohensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):		

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

The report of the internship along with the supervisor's evaluation will have to be submitted to the Head of the Department within fifteen days of completion of internship before or after the theory examination depending upon the local conditions. She is required to maintain diary and present her work in viva voce held at the end of the internship. She will be assessed by the internship agency supervisor as well as Department/College mentor for the work done by her.