



SNDT Women's University, Mumbai

Bachelor of Science (Physics)

B.Sc. (Physics)

As Per NEP - 2020

Syllabus

(2024-2025)

Terminologies

Abbreviation	Full-form	Remarks	Related to Major and Minor Courses
Major (Core)	Main Discipline		
Major (Elective)	Elective Options		related to the Major Discipline
Minor Stream	Other Disciplines (Inter/Multidisciplinary) not related to the Major	either from the same Faculty or any other faculty	
OEC	Open Elective Courses/ Generic		Not Related to the Major and Minor
VSC	Vocational Skill Courses		Related to the Major and Minor
SEC	Skill Enhancement Courses		Not Related to the Major and Minor
AEC	Ability Enhancement Courses	Communication skills, critical reading, academic writing, etc.	Not Related to the Major and Minor
VEC	Value Education Courses	Understanding India, Environmental science/education, Digital and technological solutions, Health & Wellness, Yoga education, sports, and fitness	Not Related to the Major and Minor
IKS	Indian Knowledge System	I. Generic IKS Course: basic knowledge of the IKS II. Subject-Specific IKS Courses: advanced information about the subject: part of the major credit	Subject Specific IKS related to Major
OJT	On-Job Training (Internship/Apprenticeship)	corresponding to the Major Subject	Related to the Major
FP	Field projects	corresponding to the Major Subject	Related to the Major
CC	Co-curricular Courses	Health and Wellness, Yoga education sports, and fitness, Cultural Activities, NSS/NCC and Fine/ Applied/Visual/ Performing Arts	Not Related to the Major and Minor
CE	Community Engagement and service		Not Related to the Major and Minor
RP	Research Project	corresponding to the Major Subject	Related to the Major

Programme Template:

Degree		B.Sc.
Programme		Physics
Preamble (Brief Introduction to the programme)		<p>The B.Sc. Physics program, structured under the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of fundamental and advanced concepts in physics. This program emphasizes a blend of theoretical knowledge and practical skills, ensuring that graduates are well-prepared for both academic pursuits and professional careers. By fostering critical thinking, analytical skills, and a strong foundation in scientific principles, the program aims to cultivate a deep appreciation for the physical sciences and their applications in various technological and interdisciplinary fields.</p> <p>Aligned with the NEP 2020's vision for holistic and multidisciplinary education, the B.Sc. Physics program offers flexibility through multiple entry and exit options, integration of vocational education, and opportunities for research and innovation. The curriculum is designed to be inclusive and equitable, catering to diverse learning needs and promoting the use of regional languages alongside English to enhance comprehension. Graduates of this program will find diverse employment opportunities in fields such as research and development, education, healthcare, engineering, data science, and information technology. Emphasizing ethical scientific practices and social responsibility, the program seeks to produce graduates who are not only proficient in physics but also capable of contributing to societal and global challenges through scientific inquiry and innovation.</p>
Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)		After completing this programme, Learners will be able to
	1.	Synthesize core principles across physics disciplines to develop a profound understanding, laying the foundation for specialization.
	2.	Apply theoretical and experimental knowledge of physics in diverse contexts, fostering adaptability and innovative problem-solving skills.
	3.	Evaluate complex physics problems critically, employing creative thinking to generate effective solutions.
	4.	Communicate findings and ideas clearly and logically, demonstrating proficiency in conveying complex physics concepts.
	5.	Demonstrate analytical prowess in data analysis and hypothesis formulation, facilitating proficient research conduct across physics domains.
	6.	Lead and collaborate effectively in interdisciplinary teams, exhibiting adaptability and readiness for leadership roles while fostering a culture of continuous learning.
	7.	Construct a framework for promoting multicultural competence and ethical values, fostering sustainability and responsible citizenship in the global physics community.

Eligibility Criteria for Programme		10+2 certificate preferably with Physics as one of the major subjects
Intake		120

Structure with Course Titles

B. Sc Physics

SN	Courses	Type of Course	Credits	Marks	Int	Ext
	Semester I					
1.1	Modern Physics	Major (Core)	2	50	50	00
1.2		Major (Core)	2	50	0	50
1.3		Major (Core)	2	50	50	00
1.4	Electrical and Electronic gadgets for all	OEC	4	100	50	50
1.5	Performing Physics Experiments	VSC	2	50	50	0
1.6	Basic Measurements and Calculations	SEC	2	50	50	0
1.7	English - I	AEC (English)	2	50	0	50
1.8	Inception of Indian Knowledge System	IKS (Generic)	2	50	0	50
1.9		VEC	2	50	0	50
1.10	Co-curricular Activity	CC	2	50	50	0
			22	550	300	250
	Semester II					
2.1	Basic Electronics	Major (Core)	2	50	0	50
2.2		Major (Core)	2	50	50	00
2.3		Major (Core)	2	50	00	50
2.4		VSC S2	2	50	50	0
2.5		VSC S3	2	50	50	0
2.6	Physics in Daily Life	OEC	4	100	50	50
2.7	Physicists Exploring through Experiments	SEC	2	50	50	0
2.8	English -II	AEC (English)	2	50	00	50
2.9		VEC	2	50	0	50
2.10	Co-curricular Activity	CC	2	50	0	50
			22	550	250	300

Exit with UG Certificate with 4 extra credits (44 + 4 credits)

Course Syllabus

Semester I

1.1 Major (Core)

Course Title	Modern Physics
Course Credits	2
Course Outcomes	After Completion of this course the learners will be able to, <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Apply knowledge of black body radiation, photoelectric effect, Compton Effect to solve physics problems.2. Analyze scientific articles on phenomena to understand their implications in physics.3. Evaluate experimental results and theoretical models to refine fundamental physical processes.4. Design experiments to explore principles underlying X-rays, aiming to advance physics knowledge
Module 1 (Credit1) - Quantum Physics	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply concepts of ultraviolet catastrophe and annihilation in theoretical and experimental physics
	2. Analyze phenomena like black body radiation and gravitational red shift.
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Black body radiation• Ultraviolet catastrophe Photoelectric effect,• Compton Effect,• Pair production and annihilation,• Gravitational red shift.
Module 2 (Credit1) – Radiant Dynamics	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply the principles underlying the discovery and production of X-rays.
	2. Analyze characteristic X-ray spectra and their applications in various fields
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Discovery of X-ray,•X-ray production,•characteristic x-ray spectra,•applications of X-ray,•X-ray diffraction

Assignment/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

Module - 1

Project 1: DIY Photoelectric Effect Experiment

Students construct a simple photoelectric setup using a shoebox, aluminum foil, and a light source. They measure generated voltage as light hits a metal plate, varying intensity and frequency. They present findings, using scientific terms to explain phenomena and relate to research.

Project 2: Gravity Red Shift Simulation

Using household materials, students create a model to simulate gravitational red shift. They demonstrate how light shifts in wavelength near a massive object. Presenting to the teacher, they utilize precise scientific language, referencing relevant research to support their conclusions.

Module - 2

Project 3: DIY X-ray Diffraction Simulation

Students use a laser pointer, a ruler, and various objects (like CDs or DVDs) to simulate X-ray diffraction. They observe diffraction patterns by shining the laser on the objects and measuring angles. Presenting findings, they employ precise scientific language, relating observations to X-ray diffraction principles and applications, referencing scientific literature.

Project 4: X-ray Diffraction Simulation

Using household materials, students create a model to simulate X-ray diffraction. They explore how X-rays interact with crystal lattices, observing diffraction patterns. Presenting findings, they employ accurate scientific language, explaining the principles and applications of X-ray diffraction with reference to scientific literature.

References:

1. Beiser, A., Mahajan, S., & Choudhury, S. R. (2017). Concepts of modern physics (SIE) (7th ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
2. Thornton, S., & Rex, A. (2012). Modern physics for scientists and engineers (International ed., 4th ed.). Brooks/Cole
3. Murugesan, R., & Sivaprasath, K. (2019). Modern physics (18th ed.). S Chand Publishing
4. Theraja, B. L. (2002). Modern physics (5th ed.). S Chand & Company

1.4 Open Elective Courses/ Generic (OEC)

Course Title	Electrical and Electronic gadgets for all
Course Credits	4
Course Outcomes	After Completion of this course the learners will be able to,
	1. Identify conducting and non-conducting materials, and estimate electricity bills accurately.
	2. Apply principles of electricity to understand lighting sources and cooling devices effectively.
	3. Apply knowledge to effectively use digital devices and analyze differences between digital and analog data.
	4. Design strategies for safe online interactions considering AI advancements and transactions.
Module 1 (Credit 1) - Basics of Electricity	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to,
	1. Identify conducting and non-conducting material
	2. Estimate the Electricity bill of any user based on rating and usage pattern
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept of electricity, voltage, current, power, energy. Types of • Conducting materials. Electrical ratings of various appliances, and • Electrical billing calculations.
Module 2 (Credit 1) - Basic Home devices	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to,
	1. Apply principles of electricity to understand LED, CFL, tube lights, and halogen lamps
	2. Analyze the efficiency of dry ice storage, coolers, air-conditioning, and refrigerators
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding light sources and units – LED, CFL, tube lights, halogen lamps, • Understanding cooling devices – dry ice storage, coolers, air-conditioning, refrigerator
Module 3 (Credit 3) - Digital devices and circuits	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply knowledge to effectively use mobile phones, PCs, laptops, tablets,

	and smart TVs
	2. Analyze the differences between digital and analog data and various communication media.
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mobile phone, PC, laptop, tablets, smart TV, Digital camera: – DSLR/Mirrorless/Mobile camera • Digital and analog data. Electronic signals and communication media - wired and wireless communications. Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, satellite communication. LAN, WAN, and larger networks. Internet and World Wide Web.
Module 4 (Credit 4) - Mobile networks and AI tools	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply understanding of bandwidth, data compression, and file formats in 4G/5G networks
	2. Design strategies for safe online interactions considering AI advancements and transaction
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concept of bandwidth and data compression, various file formats, 4G/5G networks. • Various Social media platforms and online communication etiquette • Artificial intelligence, AI tools Online transactions and safety issues

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

Module 1: Energy Consumption Analysis

Students will calculate the energy consumption for different settings such as houses, offices, and public places. They will analyze various heating technologies to understand their advantages and disadvantages. Through practical exercises and research, students will explore concepts of electricity, voltage, current, power, and energy. They will also learn about different types of conducting materials and electrical ratings of appliances, gaining insights into electrical billing calculations and energy-efficient practices.

Module 2: Photography and Networking

In this workshop, students will learn to use digital cameras and mobile cameras effectively to capture high-quality images and videos. They will also probe into various network parameters to understand their functions and implications in digital communication. Through hands-on activities and demonstrations, students will explore wired and wireless technologies such as Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, and satellite communication. Additionally, they will gain knowledge about bandwidth, data compression methods, and file formats, optimizing data transmission efficiency for 4G/5G networks.

Module 3: Online Communication

Students will design strategies for engaging in online communication and social media platforms while adhering to proper etiquette. They will explore various social media platforms and learn about online communication etiquette to ensure respectful and effective interactions. Through case studies and role-playing exercises, students will develop skills for navigating

online environments responsibly, understanding the importance of privacy, security, and digital citizenship.

Module 4: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

In this project, students will gain an understanding of the fundamentals of artificial intelligence (AI) tools and their applications. They will explore different AI technologies and their impact on various industries, including online transactions and safety issues. Through discussions, presentations, and hands-on activities, students will develop insights into the capabilities and limitations of AI, learning how to leverage these technologies effectively in the digital age.

References:

1. Theraja, B. L., & Theraja, A. K. (1959). Electrical technology -i (23rd ed.). S Chand.
2. Hoerner, T. (2007). Basic electricity & practical wiring (4th ed.). Hobar Publications.
3. Davidson, H. (2004). Troubleshooting & repairing consumer electronics without a schematic (3rd ed.). McGraw-Hill Education

1.5 Vocational Skill Courses (VSC)

Course Title	Performing Physics Experiments
Course Credits	2
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the learner will be able to,
	1. Analyze electronic circuits including bridge rectifiers, L-R, and C-R circuits for rectification and impedance characteristics
	2. Evaluate the maximum power transfer theorem for optimizing circuit efficiency and performance
	3. Investigate the characteristics and applications of Zener diodes in voltage regulation circuits.
	4. Experimentally verify fundamental physics principles such as black body radiation, photoelectric effect, Compton scattering, and gravitational red shift.
Module 1 (Credit 1) Rectification	
Learning Outcomes	After learning this module , learner will be able to
	1. Analyze rectification, load regulation, and ripple factor in circuits.
	2. Optimize circuit designs for efficient power transfer
	3. Apply Zener diodes in voltage regulation and protection circuits."
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bridge Rectifier, rectification, load regulation, ripple factor. • Maximum power transfer theorem • Zener Diode Characteristics. • L- R circuit C-R circuit
Module 2 (Credit 1) - Number system and Geometry	
Learning Outcomes	After learning this module, learner will be able to
	1. Analyze spectral data to verify Planck's Law in black body radiation experiments.
	2. Verify gravitational redshift by observing wavelength changes in a gravitational field.
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Black Body Radiation: Spectral Analysis and Planck's Law Verification • Photoelectric Effect: Frequency Dependence of Photoelectron Emission • Compton Scattering: Wavelength Shift of X-rays in Target Materials • Experimental Verification of Gravitational Red Shift: Observing Wavelength Changes in a Gravitational Field

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

Project 1: Measuring Instruments Workshop

Hands-on sessions for using basic measuring tools. Skills include component identification and DMM usage. Graph plotting proficiency emphasized.

Project 2: Electronics Experiment Showcase

Demonstrate understanding of Bridge Rectifier, Zener Diode, and more. Presentations highlight practical applications.

Project 3: Logic Gates and Transistors

Explore logic gates, De-Morgan's Theorem, and transistor characteristics. Build digital circuits like Half Adders and Full Adders.

Project 4: Scientific Article Analysis

Analyze articles on electronics. Enhance research skills and apply knowledge to real-world scenarios

Reference Books:

1. Beiser, A., Mahajan, S., & Choudhury, S. R. (2017). Concepts of modern physics (SIE) (7th ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
2. Thornton, S., & Rex, A. (2012). Modern physics for scientists and engineers (International ed., 4th ed.). Brooks/Cole.
3. Murugesan, R., & Sivaprasath, K. (2019). Modern physics (18th ed.). S Chand Publishing.
4. Theraja, B. L. (2002). Modern physics (5th ed.). S Chand & Company.
5. Theraja, B. L. (2006). Basic electronics (solid state) in multicolor ed. (Multicolor ed.). S Chand.
6. Kothari, D. P., & Nagrath, I. J. (2017). Basic electronics (2nd ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
7. Bhagyashree, S. R., Guruprasad, K. N., & Kumar, P. Y. (2021). Basic electronics (1st ed.). Notion Press.

1.6 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)

Course Title	Basic Measurements and Calculations
Course Credits	2
Course Outcomes	After Completion of this course, the learner will be able to,
	1. Apply various measuring instruments for precise measurements.
	2. Analyze measurement uncertainties, enabling effective data evaluation.
	3. Construct and interpret graphs, determining slopes and converting non-linear relationships.
	4. Evaluate experimental data, making informed decisions in scientific investigations.
Module 1 (Credit 1) - Electronic Meters	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply techniques to analyze data, making inferences and interpretations.
	2. Create solutions and recommendations, utilizing their analytical and evaluative skills.
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measuring size: travelling microscope, micrometer screw, Vernier calipers • Time measurement: using stop-watch • Mass measurement: single pan balance • Use of Digital multimeter for measurement of various electrical parameters • Measurement of internal resistance of voltmeter, current-meter and loading effect • Measurement of output impedance of signal generator • Constant voltage source: current capacity and internal resistance • Constant current source: internal resistance
Module 2 (Credit 1) - Measurement Errors	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Analyze uncertainties, identifying sources and types, and propagate uncertainties effectively.
	2. Plot linear graphs, mastering slope determination, interpolation, and extrapolation techniques.

Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Uncertainty analysis: sources of uncertainties, types of uncertainties• Propagation of uncertainties• Graph plotting I: linear (slope, interpolation, extrapolation)• Graph plotting II: Non-linear graphs (slope at given point, interpolation), converting non-linear to linear from known equation• Statistical analysis of data
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Assignment/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

Project 1: Parameter Exploration

Create a comprehensive list of parameters for various measuring instruments, including size, time, and mass measurements. Discuss their importance and applications.

Project 2: Hands-on Measurement

Utilize basic measuring instruments to measure physical quantities such as size, time, and mass. Document measurements and compare with theoretical values.

Project 3: Digital Multimeter Workshop

Hands-on session using digital millimeter for electrical parameter measurements. Explore techniques for measuring internal resistance and loading effect.

Project 4: Uncertainty Analysis and Graph Plotting

Explore types of uncertainties in measurements and learn to plot graphs accurately. Perform statistical analysis of data to understand uncertainties better

Reference books:

1. Sawhney, A. K. (2021). A course in electrical and electronic measurements and instrumentation. Shree Hari Publications.
2. Venkateshan, S. P. (2015). Mechanical measurements (2nd ed.). VISIONIAS.

Semester-II

2.1 Major (Core)

Course Title	Basic Electronics
Course Credits	2
Course Outcomes	After Completion of this course the learners will be able to
	1. Apply binary and Boolean algebra logic to design digital circuits.
	2. Analyze diode circuits and filter for effective voltage regulation.
	3. Evaluate Zener diode applications in voltage stabilization and circuit design
	4. Design voltage regulation systems and digital circuits
Module 1(Credit 1) – Zener Diode	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply the principles of Zener diodes as voltage stabilizers in electronic circuits
	2. Analyze different types of diode biasing and their applications in bridge rectifier circuits
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Types of diode biasing (review), Bridge rectifier-ripple factor• Types of filter circuits• Zener diode-Zener diode as a voltage stabilizer• Zener diode circuits.
Module 2 (Credit 1) – Digital logics	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply binary, octal, and hexadecimal number systems for data representation and conversion.
	2. Analyze and interpret boolean algebra rules to construct digital circuits effectively.
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Binary number system- Decimal to binary conversion-• Binary to decimal conversion-octal number system-hexadecimal number system- binary coded decimal code (BCD)-binary addition and binary subtraction using 2's complement.

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

No Internal Examination.

Reference Books:

1. Theraja, B. L. (2006). Basic electronics (solid state) in multicolor ed. (Multicolor ed.). S Chand.
2. Kothari, D. P., & Nagrath, I. J. (2017). Basic electronics (2nd ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
3. Bhagyashree, S. R., Guruprasad, K. N., & Kumar, P. Y. (2021). Basic electronics (1st ed.). Notion Press.

2.6 Open Elective Courses/ Generic (OEC)

Course Title	Physics in Daily Life
Course Credits	4
Course Outcomes	After Completion of this course the learner will be able to
	1. Analyze renewable energy sources for addressing global energy challenges.
	2. Evaluate energy consumption patterns and their climate change implications.
	3. Apply energy use quantification and carbon footprint concepts.
	4. Design strategies for minimizing energy use and adopting electric vehicles.
Module 1 (Credit 1) - Energy basics	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Analyze renewable energy sources like solar, wind, thermal, and hydroelectric power.
	2. Connect some daily life Conduct analysis of energy bills to understand consumption patterns and conservation measures
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basics of renewable energy solar, wind, thermal, and hydroelectric power. • Energy consumption patterns and global energy challenges. • Importance of energy conservation in addressing climate change and sustainability goals, Analysis of energy bills
Module 2 (Credit 1) - Energy and Climate change	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Quantify energy use in easily understandable terms
	2. Assess carbon footprint implications.
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quantifying energy use in simple terms • carbon footprint • Climate change has happened
Module 3 (Credit 1) - Energy use and Carbon emission	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Recognize energy as both a challenge and a solution.
	2. Develop strategies to achieve a one-third reduction in energy usage and produce the remaining energy locally through solar power

Course Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy as a problem and as a solution • energy use minimization by 1/3rd • Minimizing energy use by 1/3rd • Generating the remaining 1/3rd of energy locally by solar
Module 4 (Credit 1) - Introduction to Eclectic Vehicle	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	1. Apply knowledge of electric vehicle components for practical understanding
	2. Analyze environmental differences between battery electric and conventional vehicles.
Course Outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electric vehicles: battery electric vehicles (BEVs) • Basic components and functionality of electric vehicles: electric motors, batteries, power electronics, and charging infrastructure. • Comparison of environmental impacts between conventional vehicles and electric vehicles

Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

Module 1

In the first project, students embark on a Renewable Energy Showcase. Armed with materials like models or diagrams representing solar panels, wind turbines, thermal power plants, and hydroelectric dams, they delve into the analysis of renewable energy sources. Through meticulous data collection and analysis, they evaluate the feasibility and advantages of each source in different geographical contexts. Following thorough research and experimentation, students compile their findings into a comprehensive report detailing the potential contributions of renewable energy to the global energy mix, providing valuable insights for sustainable energy planning.

Module 2

The second project entails a Carbon Footprint Audit. Equipped with energy consumption data such as electricity bills and carbon footprint calculators or spreadsheets, students conduct a meticulous examination of their own energy usage patterns. Through diligent data collection and analysis, they quantify their carbon footprint and identify areas of high energy consumption. Armed with these findings, students devise strategies for reducing carbon emissions, documenting their journey and insights in a detailed report. This hands-on experience empowers students to take ownership of their energy consumption and contribute to climate change mitigation efforts.

Module 3

In the third module focused on Energy Use and Carbon Emission, students undertake an Energy Reduction Challenge. Armed with energy consumption data and simulation tools, they develop strategies to achieve a one-third reduction in energy usage while promoting local solar energy generation. Through data-driven analysis and simulation, students explore the feasibility of integrating energy-efficient technologies and solar power solutions into their daily lives. Their

efforts culminate in a comprehensive report outlining their strategies, findings, and recommendations for achieving sustainable energy consumption patterns and promoting renewable energy adoption within their communities.

Module 4

In this case, students engage in Electric Vehicle Component Analysis. Utilizing electric vehicle components, diagrams, and demonstration models, they delve into the intricacies of electric vehicle technology. Through hands-on exploration and analysis, students dissect the basic components and functionality of electric vehicles, comparing environmental impacts between battery electric vehicles (BEVs) and conventional vehicles. Their findings are meticulously documented in a detailed report, providing valuable insights into the potential of electric vehicles to mitigate climate change and revolutionize the transportation sector. This project empowers students to become informed advocates for sustainable transportation solutions.

References:

1. Solanki, C. S. (2019). Energy Swaraj: My Experiments with Solar Truth (1st ed.). Notion Press.
2. Rasheed, H. (2022). An introduction to energy: Sources, uses, impact and solutions. Lulu.com.
3. Rao, K. M. (2019). An introduction to electric vehicles (1st ed.). Notion
4. Swayam - https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/aic22_ge31/preview
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7ihCH0p2oXM&list=PLYkIMEpaP9zGIouFBCimG98d7YH4ChKq0>

2.7 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)

Course Title	Physicists Exploring through Experiments
Course Credits	2
Course Outcomes	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Analyze lens aberrations using an optical bench setup to understand optical system performance. 2. Apply optimized mobile camera settings across various lighting conditions to improve image quality. 3. Measure illuminance in different environments using a lux meter, demonstrating proficiency in light measurement. 4. Explore different combinations of lenses and optical systems to understand their effects on imaging
Module 1 (Credit 1) - Optical Insight	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply optimal settings across various devices for diverse lighting conditions
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Analyze optical aberrations and characterize electronic components in experimental setups.
Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Thermocouple: Calibration and Measurement of Temperature using a Thermocouple. • Lens Aberrations: Investigation of Lens Aberrations using an Optical Bench. • Mobile Camera Settings: Optimization of Mobile Camera Settings for Different Lighting Conditions. • Lux Meter: Measurement of Illuminance in Different Environments using a Lux Meter. • Spectrometer (μ): Measurement of Wavelengths in Spectral Lines using a Spectrometer. • Lens Combinations: Exploration of Lens Combinations and Optical Systems. • LASER Divergence: Measurement of LASER Beam Divergence using a Beam Expander. • LDR Characteristics: Characterization of Light Dependent Resistors (LDRs) under Different Lighting Conditions. • Surface Tension of Biological Fluid: Determination of Surface Tension of Biological Fluids using Capillary Rise Method. • Frequency of AC Mains: Measurement of Frequency of AC Mains using a Frequency Counter
Module 2 (Credit 1) - Mechanical Dynamics	
Learning Outcomes	After learning the module, learners will be able to
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Analyze fluid viscosity via Stoke's Method, observing sphere terminal velocity in a fluid.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Apply principles of rotational inertia and energy storage, examining the Flywheel's impact.

Content Outline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Viscosity by Stoke's Method: Measurement of viscosity of a fluid by observing the terminal velocity of a sphere falling through it. • Flywheel: Study of rotational inertia and energy storage in a rotating mass by observing its effect on rotational motion. • Torsional Oscillations: Investigation of the torsional spring constant and damping effects in torsional oscillations. • Bifilar Pendulum: Determination of moment of inertia of a body by observing its oscillations about two perpendicular axes. • Y by Vibrations: Determination of Young's modulus of a material by analyzing its vibrational modes and frequencies. • Thermocouple: Calibration and measurement of temperature using the thermoelectric effect in a thermocouple device.
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Assignments/Activities towards Comprehensive Continuous Evaluation (CCE):

1. Thermocouple Calibration: Students calibrate a thermocouple by measuring known temperatures and recording corresponding voltage readings.
2. Lens Aberrations: Students investigate lens aberrations using an optical bench, analyzing distortions and anomalies in optical systems.
3. Mobile Camera Settings: Students optimize mobile camera settings for different lighting conditions, experimenting with exposure, white balance, and ISO settings.
4. Lux Meter: Students measure illuminance in different environments using a lux meter, assessing light intensity for various applications.
5. Spectrometer (μ): Students measure wavelengths in spectral lines using a spectrometer, analyzing the dispersion of light for spectroscopic studies.
6. Lens Combinations: Students explore lens combinations and optical systems, studying the effects of combining different lenses on image formation.
7. Lens Combinations: Students explore lens combinations and optical systems, studying the effects of combining different lenses on image formation.
8. LASER Divergence: Students measure LASER beam divergence using a beam expander, analyzing the spread of the laser beam over distance.
9. LDR Characteristics: Students characterize light-dependent resistors (LDRs) under different lighting conditions, studying their resistance variation with light intensity.
10. Surface Tension of Biological Fluid: Students determine the surface tension of biological fluids using the capillary rise method, exploring fluid dynamics in biological systems.
11. Frequency of AC Mains: Students measure the frequency of AC mains using a frequency counter, analyzing electrical power distribution systems.

References:

1. Sawhney, A. K., & Aakash. (2022). A Course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation (NVB+++ ed.). VISIONIAS.

2. Purkait, P., Biswas, B., & Koley, C. (2017). Electrical and Electronics Measurements and Instrumentation. McGraw Hill Education.
3. Gupta, J. B. (2013). A Course in Electrical & Electronics Measurement & Instrumentation (Reprint 2013 ed.). S K Kataria and Sons.